

SPECIFICATION

REFOND P/N

RF-A4E27-R15M-S6

R&D

Mass Production



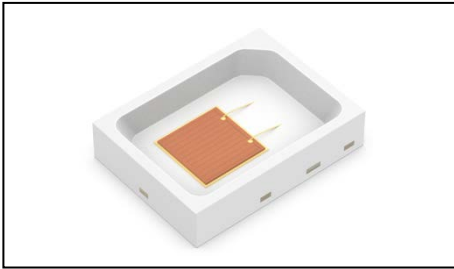
Contents

1. Description	
1.1 General Description	
1.2 Features	
1.3 Application	
1.4 Package Dimension	
1.5 Product Parameters	
1.6 Bin Range Of Forward Voltage and Luminous Flux (IF=700mA)	BIN
(IF=700mA)	
1.7 Typical Optical Characteristics Curves	
2. Packaging	
2.1 Packaging Specification	
2.1.1 Carrier Tape Dimension	11
2.1.2 Reel Dimension	11
2.1.3 Label Form Specification	12
2.2 Moisture Resistant Packing	
2.3 Cardboard Box	
2.4 Reliability Test Items And Conditions	
2.5 Criteria For Judging Damage	
3. SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT	
3.1 SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT	
4. Handling Precautions	
4.1 Handling Precautions	



1. Description

1.1 General Description



The red source color devices are made with AlGaInP on Substrate Light Emitting Diode .Product Package:2.7mmX2.0mmX0.6mm.

该红光 LED 由 AlGaInp 四种元素芯片激发而成，产品尺寸：2.7mmX2.0mmX0.6mm.

1.2 Features

EMC Package. EMC封装

Extremely wide viewing angle.发光角度大

Suitable for all SMT assembly and solder process.适用于所有的SMT组装和焊接工艺

Available on tape and reel.适用于载带及卷轴

Moisture sensitivity level: Level 2.防潮等级 Level2

Compliance with RoHS and REACH. 符合RoHS和REACH要求

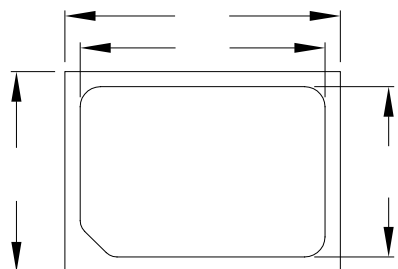
Qualifications: The product qualification test plan is based on the guidelines of AEC-Q102 Stress Test Qualification for Automotive Grade Discrete Semiconductors
AEC-Q102

1.3 Application

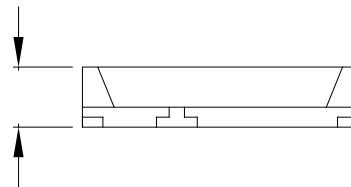
Automotive Lighting Interior and Exterior.汽车内饰和外饰照明



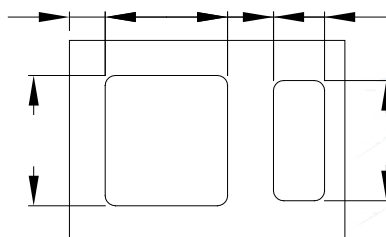
1.4 Package Dimension



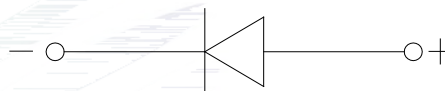
正面视图



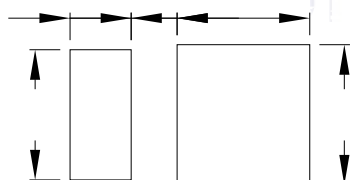
侧面视图



背面视图



极性



推荐焊盘

Notes

1. All dimensions units are millimeters.
2. All dimensions tolerances are $\pm 0.05\text{mm}$ unless otherwise noted.



± 0.05

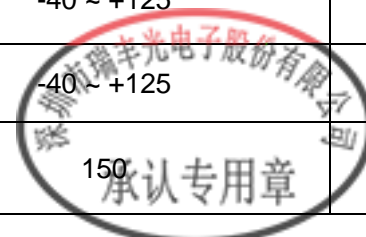
1.5 Product Parameters

Table 1-1 Electrical / Optical Characteristics at Ts=25°C

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F=700\text{mA}$	2.0	---	2.6	V
Reverse Current	I_R	$V_R=5\text{V}$	---	---	10	μA
Luminous Flux		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	105	---	140	lm
Dominant wavelength	λ_d	$I_F=700\text{mA}$	612.5	617	620	nm
Viewing Angle		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	---	120	---	deg
Thermal Resistance.	R_{THJ-S}	$I_F=700\text{mA}$	---	---	15	/W

Table 1-2 Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ts=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units
Power Dissipation	P_D	2184	mW
Forward Current	I_F	840	mA
Peak Forward Current	I_{FP}	1000	mA
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	E_{SD}	2000	V
Operating Temperature	T_{OPR}	-40 ~ +125	
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-40 ~ +125	
Junction Temperature	T_J	150	



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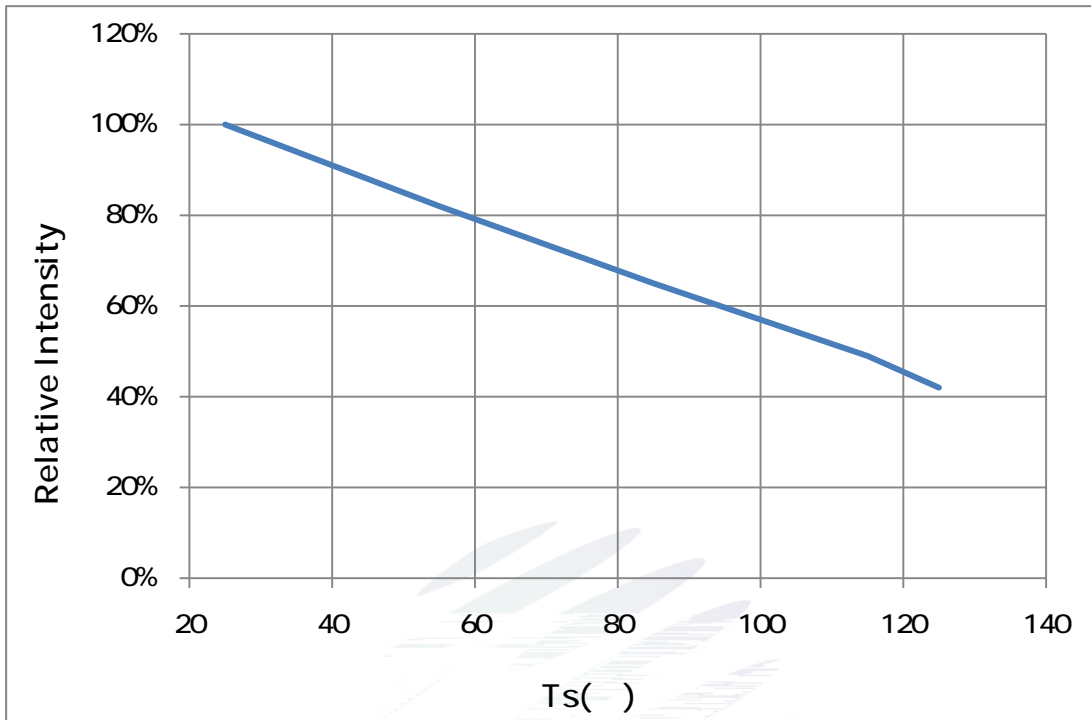


Fig. 1-9 Solder Temperature Vs Relative Intensity

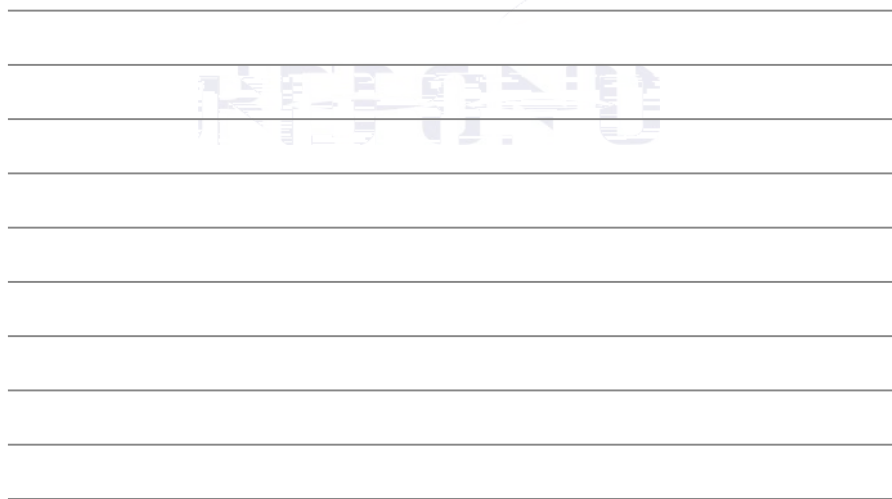


Fig. 1-10 Solder Temperature Vs Forward Current



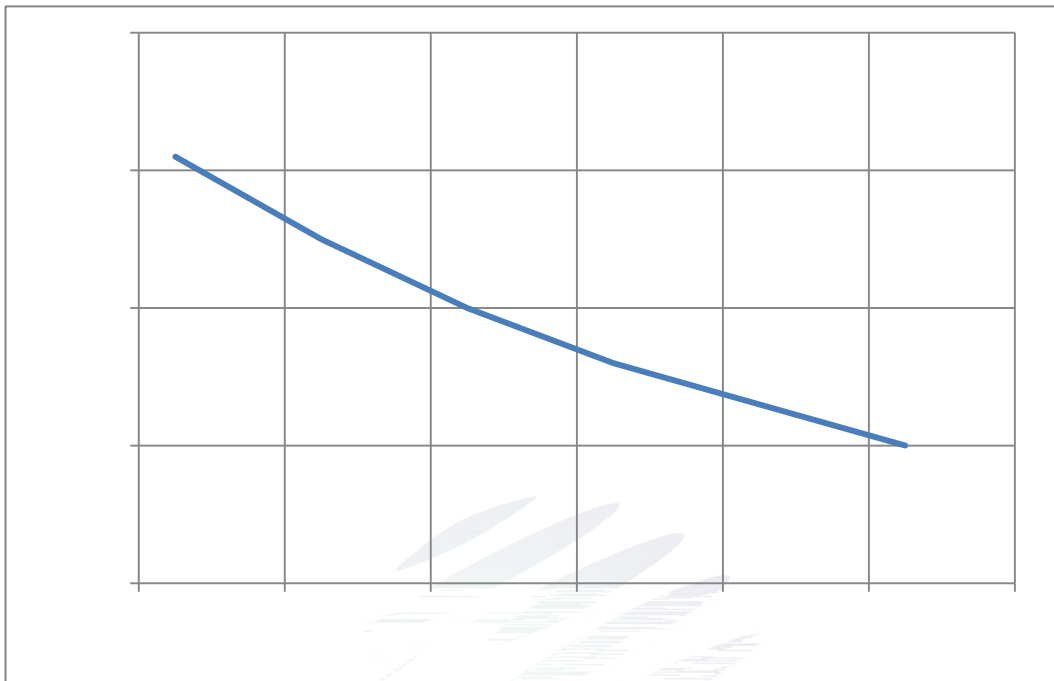


Fig. 1-11 Forward Voltage Vs Solder Temperature

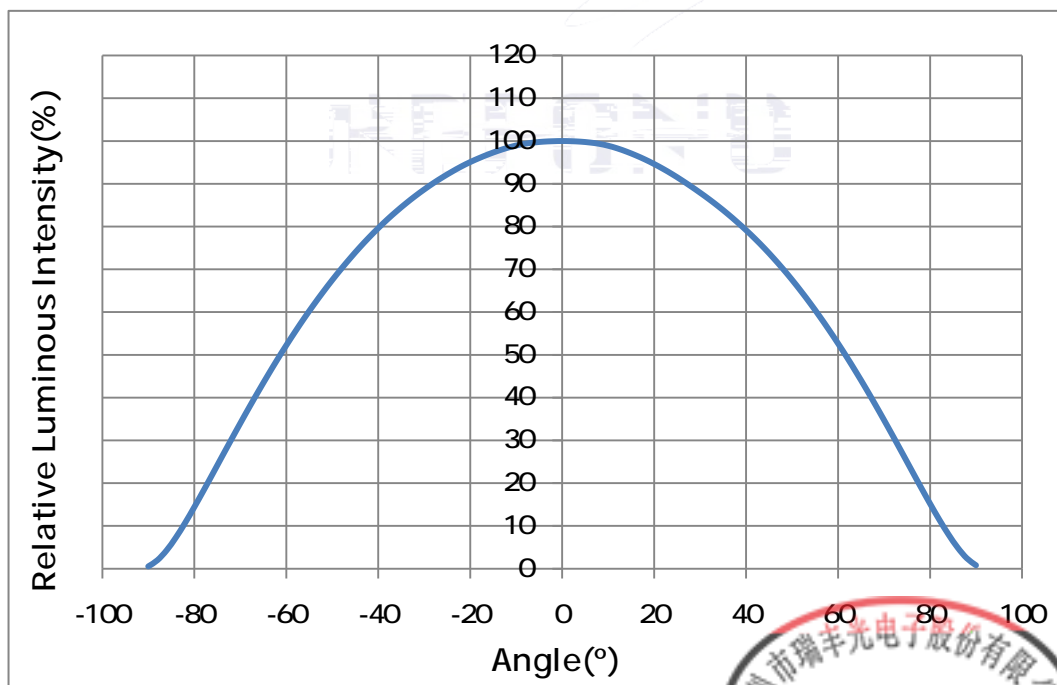
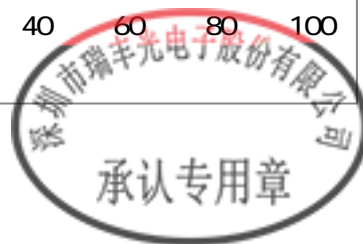


Fig. 1-12 Radiation diagram



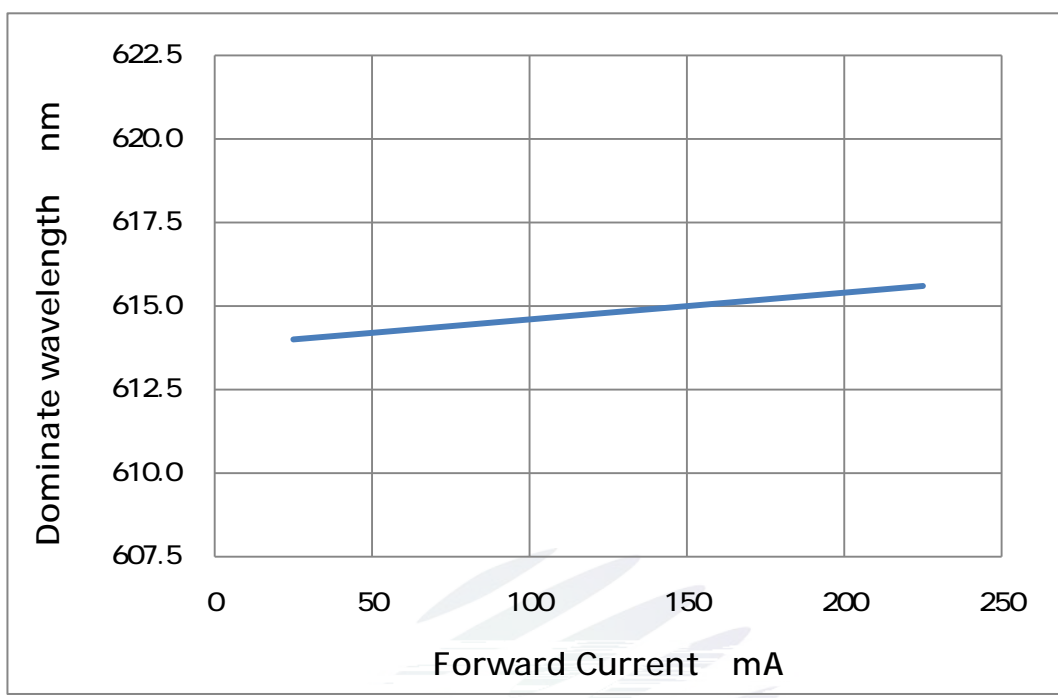


Fig. 1-13 Forward current vs. Dominate wavelength (Ts=25°C)

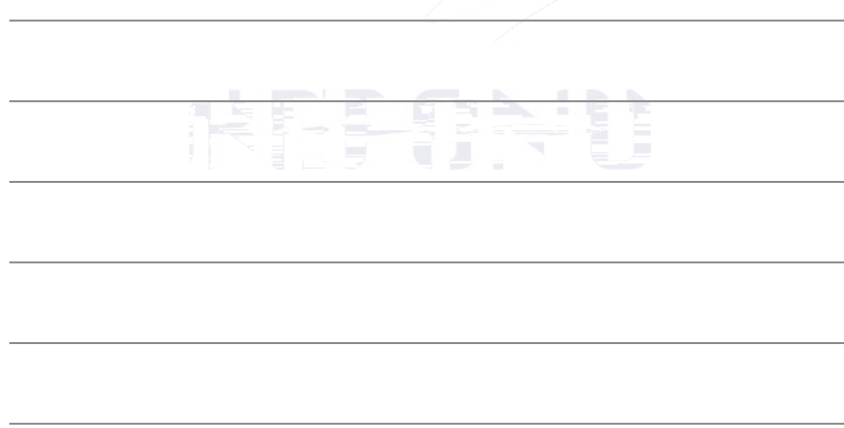


Fig. 1-14 Spectrum Distribution



2. Packaging

2.1 Packaging Specification

Package:4000pcs/reel.

2.1.1 Carrier Tape Dimension

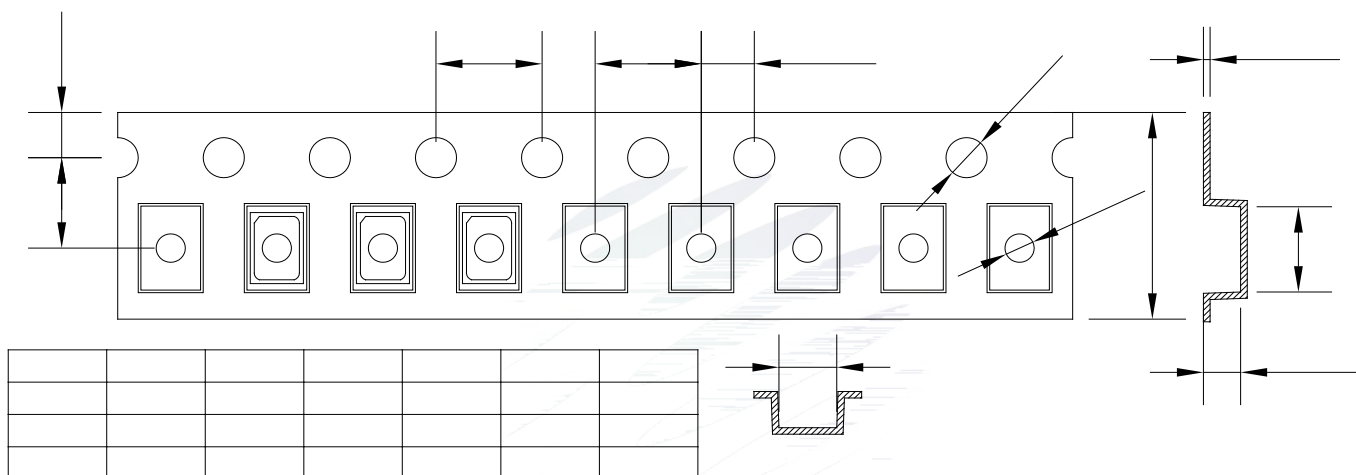


Fig.2-1 Carrier Tape Dimension

2.1.2 Reel Dimension

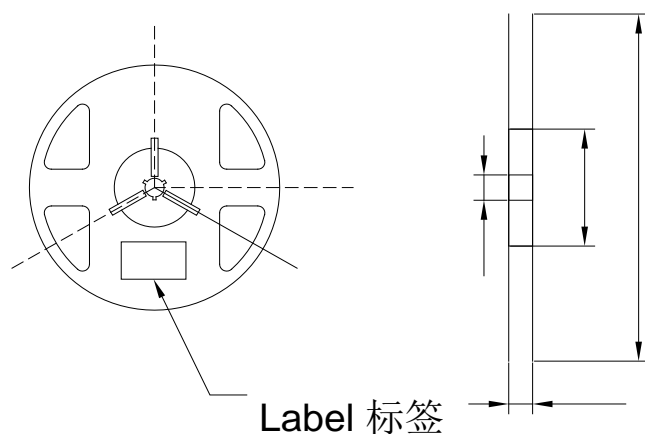


Fig.2-2 Reel Dimension

Table 2-1 Reel Dimension

A	12± 0.1mm
B	180± 1mm
C	60± 1mm
D	13.0± 0.5mm

Notes

The tolerances unless mentioned ± 0.1 mm. Unit : mm

± 0.1



2.1.3 Label Form Specification

Table 2-2 Specification

PART NO.	Part Number
SPEC NO.	Spec Number
LOT NO.	Lot Number
BIN CODE	Bin Code
	Luminous flux
XY	Chromaticity Bin
V _F	Forward Voltage
WLD	Wavelength
QTY	Packing Quantity
DATE	Made Date

Fig. 2-3 Label Form Specification

2.2 Moisture Resistant Packing

Fig.2-4 Moisture Resistant Packing

2.3 Cardboard Box

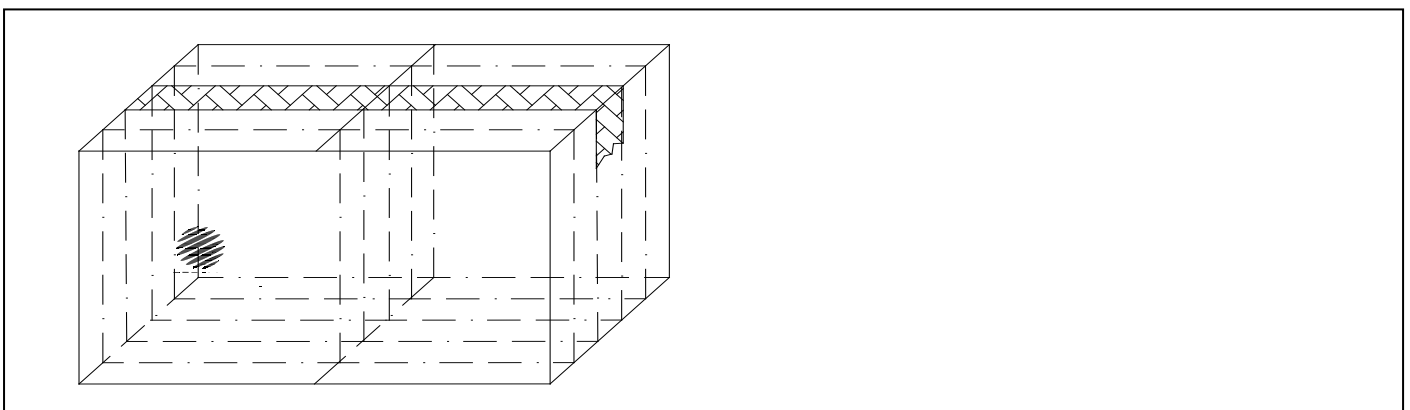


Fig.2-5 Cardboard Box

2.4 Reliability Test Items And Conditions



2.5 Criteria For Judging Damage

Table 2-4 Criteria For Judging Damage

Test Items	Symbol	Test Condition	Criteria For Judgement	
			Min.	Max.
Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F=700\text{mA}$	-	U.S.L*)x1.1
Reverse Current	I_R	$V_R = 5\text{V}$	-	U.S.L*)x2.0
Luminous Flux		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	L.S.L*)x0.7	-

Notes

- 1.U.S.L: Upper standard level L.S.L: Lower standard level
- 2.The above reliability tests is based on the verification of a single/strip LED of Refond's existing experimental platform,the reliability experiment was taken under good heat dissipation conditions. when customers applies the LED to the series and parallel circuit, should take consideration of all the factors such as the current, voltage distribution, heat dissipation and others. / LED
LED
- 3.The technical information shown in the data sheets is limited to the typical characteristics and circuit examples of the referenced products. It does not constitute the warranting of industrial property nor the granting of any license.



3. SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT

3.1 SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT

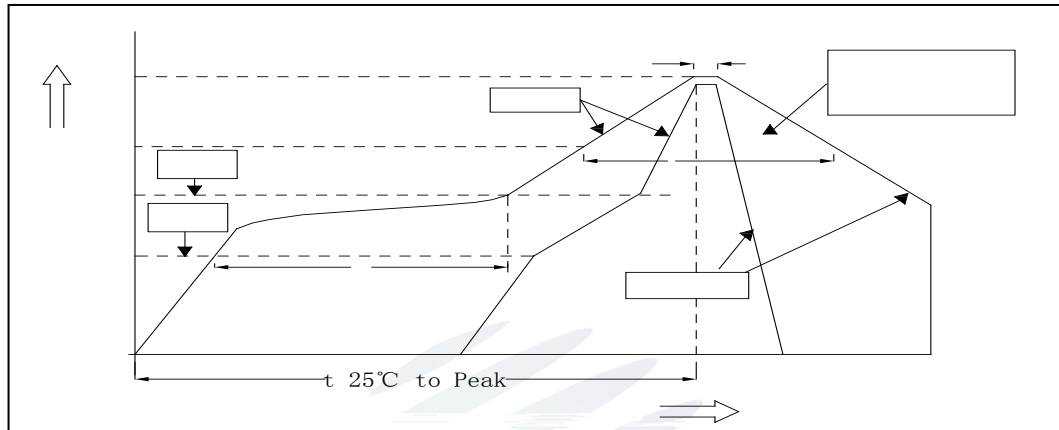
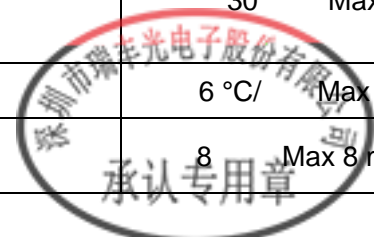


Fig.3-1 SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT

Table 3-1 Reflow parameters 回流焊参数

Average temperature rise speed	T_{smax} T_P	3 °C/	Max 3 °C/ s
Preheating: minimum temperature	(T_{smin})	150 °C	
Preheating: Max temperature	(T_{smax})	200 °C	
Preheating: Time	T_{smin} T_{smax}	60 - 120	60s-120s
Time limited to maintain high temperature: the temperature (T_L)		217 °C	
Time limited to maintain high temperature: The Time (t_L)		60	Max 60s
Peak /Classification of temperature:	/ (T_P)	260 °C	
Time limit classification of peak temperature time t_p		10	Max 10s
(T_P) 5 °C the actual peak temperature (T_P)	Hold time within 5 °C with	30	Max 30s
Cooling speed		6 °C/	Max 6 °C/ s
25 °C	Needed time from 25 °C to T_p	8	Max 8 minutes



Notes

(1)Reflow soldering should not be done more than twice. If more than 24 hours between the two solderings ,LED will be damaged.

24 LED

(2)When soldering , do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

3.1.1 Repairing

Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable,a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LEDs will or not be damaged by repairing.

LED

LED

3.1.2 Cautions

The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be impacted on the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper. LED

LED

(2)

4. Handling Precautions

4.1 Handling Precautions

(1) LED operating environment and sulfur element composition cannot be over 100PPM in the LED mating usage material. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement.

LED 100PPM

(2) In order to prevent external material from getting into the inside of LED, which may cause the malfunction of LED, the single content of Bromine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the single content of Chlorine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the total content of Bromine element and Chlorine element in the external materials of the application products is required to be less than 1500PPM. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement.

	LED	LED
	900PPM	900PPM
1500PPM		

(3) VOCs (Volatile organic compounds) emitted from materials used in the construction of fixtures can penetrate silicone encapsulants of LEDs and discolor when exposed to heat and photonic energy. The result can be a significant loss of light output from the fixture. Knowledge of the properties of the materials selected to be used in the construction of fixtures can help prevent these issues. Refond advises against the use of any chemicals or materials that have been found or are suspected to have an adverse effect on device performance or reliability. To verify compatibility, Refond recommends that all chemicals and materials be tested in the specific application and environment for which they are intended to be used. Attaching LEDs, do not use adhesives that outgas organic vapor.

LED	LED	LED
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LED

(4) Handle the component along the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools, Do not directly touch or Handle the silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry.



Fig 4-1Cautions

(5) In designing a circuit,the current through each LED can not exceed the absolute maximum rating specified for each LED.In the mean while,resistors for protection should be applied,other wise slight voltage shift will cause big current change,burn out may happen. The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF.If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage.

LED

LED

(6) Thermal Design is paramount importance because heat generation may result in the Characteristics decline,such as brightness decreased,Color change and so on.Please consider the heat generation of the LEDs when making the system design.LED

LED

Table 4-1 Storage

	Conditions	Temperature	Humidity	Time
	Before Opening Aluminum Bag	30	75%	Within 1 Year From Date
Storage 儲存	After Opening Aluminum Bag	30	60%	Recommended for use within 24 hours 24





REFOND

Declare

This specification is written both in English and in Chinese and the latter is formal.

